

BY A WANDERING REPORTER.

A squatter had a very fine run in any district you like, but to fix him, let me say in the Northern district. He was a gentleman by birth, education, and training, and had served in his younger days in the army. He was a fine one, and he knew how to use the sacred duties of hospitality to allow any personal feeling of annoyance to interfere with them. He was visited one evening by four outer barbarians who had crossed the Victorian frontier, not alone, but accompanied with 12,000 sheep whose voracious jaws caused the rapid disappearance of the splendid spring crops. He was told that they hoped to clear this stock out through the winter. One, the tallest and the ugliest, was a tall, raw-boned American, rendered still taller in appearance by a high conical felt hat that he perched upon his head. Another was a quiet, rather decrepit

holders in the company. Mr. Bucknell then entered into an explanation of the rules and alluded to the probable success of the company, and quoted from an article in the *Herald* of the 26th May, having reference to the prosperity of co-operative companies in the mother country. Various questions were asked (some of a rather suspicious character) respecting the origin, legal constitution, and *modus operandi* of the company.

[FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.]

MURRURUNDI.
[FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.]
FORGED BANK NOTES.—About a fortnight ago two men came to this place—one apparently by his box a hawk of jewelry, the other a man of straw and pretended to sell soap to take out chains of brass, &c. One man stopped at an inn, the other at a lodge-house. On Saturday they took their departure, the lodge-housekeeper receiving two pound notes on the "Joint Stock Bank" in payment for board. To-day the man of straw was discovered by the forger. The notes are out in pursuit of the men. The woman at the lodge-house states that one man had

[FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT]

THE weather since my last communication has continued

[FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.]

Sessions at present set down for the 16th July next.—The other night a second edition of night scares occurred here by the removal of signs, &c. The one over the entrance to the Commercial Bank, and so marked, was carried about a quarter of a mile to Mr. Moore's mill, another from one of the stores was placed over a lawyer's office, and another belonging to a shoemaker was placed over the entrance to the School of Arts. The next

"As to myself, I am only an obscure novice among the army of French vine-growers; but I am happy to confess that it is only through you we are worth anything. Accept my sincere gratitude."

oppressive Victorian tariff, or else get their supplies from Sydney, and pay an equally burdensome rate of carriage. I believe their idea is to pay our Government a lump sum according to our tariff in place of our collecting the duties, but practically they would collect revenue according to their own tariff, which being much heavier than that of this colony, they would make a very handsome profit on the outlay, which would come out of the pockets of the consumers of the Murray districts. But under the exist-

To the Editor of the Herald.
SIR,—In a recent number of the Melbourne Argus

oppressive manner. It would be a fine stroke of policy on the part of the protectionists there if they "arranged" the matter with our Government on the old basis of a call on the trade and revenue of the colony to contribute a portion of this colony to pay duties according to the oppressive Victorian tariff, or else get their supplies from Sydney, and pay an equally burdensome rate of carriage. I believe their idea is to pay our Government a lump sum according to our tariff in place of our collecting the duties, but practically they would collect revenue according to their own tariff, which being much heavier than that of this colony, they would make a very handsome profit on what they would be obliged to import from the vast quantity of the Murrumbidgee, but under the existing

Wales, distinguishing the different modes which may be, and I think are necessary to apply to their culture in the very varied localities, soils, and mean temperatures which exist in our colony.

I am, Sir, your very humble servant,

JUNE 1st. T. S.

To the Editor of the Herald.

the public interest to centre in the land question; it will secure the adoption of liberal legislation in all areas where the right of purchase is concerned; it will ensure that the Government, during the currency of the lease, and the demand to obstruct the Government in resuming land from squattages for the purpose of settlement, will lead to the surveys being kept more in advance of the demand, so that a greater extent and choice of land may be at all times open to selection. It is to be hoped that the squattages will be able to do this, and assist in passing a good bill; for obstructiveness on their part has, in the Southern colonies, led to more being taken from them than the public welfare required, and we cannot afford to injure one interest in order to establish another, nor is such a course in the slightest degree necessary.

There are also some points I might touch on, such as the average cost on all goods being reduced at least 50 per cent, by stocks being laid in during the season for river traffic, all of which pecuniary advantage is saved to the consumer, and I have no doubt, did the people themselves understand the question rightly, not one would be found to hold up his hand in favour of a return to the old system of so-called "free trade across the Murray." Trusting that these few remarks, which are strictly in accordance with the policy of the Government, will be favourably received, may put our Government on the alert should any of the proposed proposals be made, and that they will be met, and that I have not trepassed at too great length on your valuable space,

Yours obediently,
JUSTITIA.

Albury, June 9th.

excellent positives. It is not expensive, since \$8000 seven ounces of it will supply light for half a minute; and therefore it may, in many cases—as, for instance, in taking a landscape at night, or a large space of decoration—prove a convenient substitute for magnesium, which would for such purposes be expensive. That too great an intensity in the shadows may be avoided, two lights are used at once, the principal one to illuminate the subject, and a freer one to soften the tones.—*Scientific Review.*

THACKERAY AND LEECH MEMORIALS.—In the corridor leading to the east end of Charterhouse two stone tablets have been placed side by side to the memory of two distinguished old Cartusians—William Makepeace Thackeray and John Leech.

[illegible]

people down there like asses. Yes, like asses, Sir ! My people down there in the county of Jones did, in their sovereign capacity, accede, and did become mossy-backs. We did fight them like dogs, and kill them like hell-hounds, like hell-hounds, Sir, and I surrender my rights to the floor, Sir, expressing only the one sentiment that I stand up for the county of Jones in general ; yes, Sir, I am for Jones all the time. In my suffering and my sorrow, I am widowed, and my children and my small children are ascending before the God of right, and appealing in tears to the powers appointed for relief.

It is not often that this is equalled in Congress, but the family of the speaker dwells there, and his brother members call him by the significant name of "blower." The waste of time which takes place in irrelevant discussions and the reading of essays is, in fact, so deplorable that it is worse than idle to sit at the feet of the speaker, and to hear him blower. The *New York Journal* recently had the following just comments on this subject :

"Practical legislation is wanted, and we have had none. A majority of the House are not men according to the standards of the age. They are indispensible, and in lieu of these we have had displays of despotism and vengeance unworthy of a legislative body in any circumstances, and especially unworthy in the full flush of the Reconstruction. The House has been a failure, and a single step has yet been taken in the direction of reconstruction. Not only has nothing been done to assure the South of its rights under the Constitution, but the claims of even tried Southern loyalists have been sacrificed to the passions of the moment. It is to suppose that these things have not been closely scanned and duly weighed by the great majority of those whom the Union members represent ; and it is to suppose that they are not to believe that there is any possibility of the ability to temper the consequences of persistence in the course which has been until now pursued."

Each member of the House receives 2000 dollars a year, a large salary, making a total of \$1,000,000 according to the estimate of the speaker, and he is allowed to travel. Moreover, he ranks all his letters, and also the Government reports, and is allowed (as already mentioned) twenty five copies of the *Globe* a day, and three daily papers, and he is permitted to employ a secretary. The House by itself, as was done recently in the case of a new edition of Madison's works. Senators cannot be arrested for debt, but this immunity does not appear to be extended to representatives. It should have been extended to the latter, who are the representatives of the people, and it is not probable that they will be at any time leave the chair and take part in the debates.

FRANCE.

THE LEGISLATIVE BODY.—"THE LEFT."

The "Left," properly so called, comprising deputies of the old Republican party, reckons from twelve to fifteen members. It is a sect, slowly but steadily increasing in numbers, and exercises little influence within the Chamber compared with that upon the public out of doors, they deserve precedence in an analysis of the House. In the first place, they sit at the extreme left of the Chamber, and are generally bear the brunt of the debates. MM. Jules Favre, Picaid, Jules Simon, Pelletan, and Glais-Bizoin are the chief orators of this group.

M. Jules Favre is undoubtedly both an advocate and a debater. He is a member of the Legislative body, at which he is rarely absent, never lead him to desert his clients and his briefs. Hurrying from a long and weary pleading at the bar, he throws himself into the Chamber, and is ready to begin. He is often the transition, that M. Favre forgets his briefs, and addresses the Chamber as the Court, while a malicious tint rises from the Ministerial benches. But if he sometimes fancies he is still pleading to the Court, he never forgets that here his clients are his country, and that it is for the national welfare he holds a brief. M. Favre's eloquence betrays more art than passion. His brilliant images and telling epigrams are delivered in tones of measured emphasis. At times he is so slow that the Frenchman, pronouncing each word with precision, and launching it carefully upon the audience. A striking phrase is often reserved so as to bring a sentence to a point. He is not without a certain wit, but his sayings are due to the intolerant interjections of the majority, that provoke him into retorts which are the more effective from being so unexpected, and obviously the more expressive of his voice is pitched, but, when he finds key to speak, it is not without a certain painful cough. But by degrees his voice recovers itself, and the stinging words come forth sharp and clear, in a steady, rhythmic flow, and he is then at his best. He is a member of the party, for it is so well known. Under the Republic of 1848, his place was always in the Mountain.

YOUNGER AND LESS EXPERIENCED than M. Favre in public life, M. Ernest Picaid ranks next to him in reputation on this side of the Chamber. Until he became a member of the Chamber, he was a lawyer of no great practice. Smart, quick, and witty, M. Picaid belongs to the lighter order of parliamentary combatants. He has less elevation than M. Favre, whose eloquence he willingly admits, but he is superior in his keenness for the opportunity of a brilliant display of availing himself of it. He is also more practical in his views on public affairs. He speaks with great coolness and self-possession, and is not without a certain wit. He is not without a certain wit, but his sayings are due to the intolerant interjections of the majority, that provoke him into retorts which are the more effective from being so unexpected, and obviously the more expressive of his voice is pitched, but, when he finds key to speak, it is not without a certain painful cough. But by degrees his voice recovers itself, and the stinging words come forth sharp and clear, in a steady, rhythmic flow, and he is then at his best. He is a member of the party, for it is so well known. Under the Republic of 1848, his place was always in the Mountain.

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FROM AND AFTER 1ST JUNE.														
DOWN TRAINS.														
STATION.														
1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	12.	SUNDAY TRAINS.		
a.m.	a.m.	a.m.	a.m.	a.m.	a.m.	a.m.	a.m.	a.m.	a.m.	a.m.	a.m.	a.m.	a.m.	a.m.
Sydney	7 0	7 15	7 30	7 45	8 0	8 15	8 30	8 45	9 0	9 15	9 30	9 45	10 0	10 15
Newtown	7 10	7 25	7 40	7 55	8 10	8 25	8 40	8 55	9 10	9 25	9 40	9 55	10 10	10 25
Petersham	7 20	7 35	7 50	8 05	8 20	8 35	8 50	9 05	9 20	9 35	9 50	10 05	10 20	10 35
Artarmon	7 30	7 45	8 00	8 15	8 30	8 45	9 00	9 15	9 30	9 45	10 00	10 15	10 30	10 45
Gladesville	7 40	7 55	8 10	8 25	8 40	8 55	9 10	9 25	9 40	9 55	10 10	10 25	10 40	10 55
Gladesville	7 50	8 05	8 20	8 35	8 50	9 05	9 20	9 35	9 50	10 05	10 20	10 35	10 50	11 05
Gladesville	8 00	8 15	8 30	8 45	9 00	9 15	9 30	9 45	10 00	10 15	10 30	10 45	11 00	11 15
Gladesville	8 10	8 25	8 40	8 55	9 10	9 25	9 40	9 55	10 10	10 25	10 40	10 55	11 10	11 25
Gladesville	8 20	8 35	8 50	9 05	9 20	9 35	9 50	10 05	10 20	10 35	10 50	11 05	11 20	11 35
Gladesville	8 30	8 45	9 00	9 15	9 30	9 45	10 00	10 15	10 30	10 45	11 00	11 15	11 30	11 45
Gladesville	8 40	8 55	9 10	9 25	9 40	9 55	10 10	10 25	10 40	10 55	11 10	11 25	11 40	11 55
Gladesville	8 50	9 05	9 20	9 35	9 50	10 05	10 20	10 35	10 50	11 05	11 20	11 35	11 50	12 05
Gladesville	9 00	9 15	9 30	9 45	10 00	10 15	10 30	10 45	11 00	11 15	11 30	11 45	12 00	12 15
Gladesville	9 10	9 25	9 40	9 55	10 10	10 25	10 40	10 55	11 10	11 25	11 40	11 55	12 10	12 25
Gladesville	9 20	9 35	9 50	10 05	10 20	10 35	10 50	11 05	11 20	11 35	11 50	12 05	12 20	12 35
Gladesville	9 30	9 45	10 00	10 15	10 30	10 45	11 00	11 15	11 30	11 45	12 00	12 15	12 30	12 45
Gladesville	9 40	9 55	10 10	10 25	10 40	10 55	11 10	11 25	11 40	11 55	12 10	12 25	12 40	12 55
Gladesville	9 50	10 05	10 20	10 35	10 50	11 05	11 20	11 35	11 50	12 05	12 20	12 35	12 50	13 05
Gladesville	10 00	10 15	10 30	10 45	11 00	11 15	11 30	11 45	12 00	12 15	12 30	12 45	13 00	13 15
Gladesville	10 10	10 25	10 40	10 55	11 10	11 25	11 40	11 55	12 10	12 25	12 40	12 55	13 10	13 25
Gladesville	10 20	10 35	10 50	11 05	11 20	11 35	11 50	12 05	12 20	12 35	12 50	13 05	13 20	13 35
Gladesville	10 30	10 45	11 00	11 15	11 30	11 45	12 00	12 15	12 30	12 45	13 00	13 15	13 30	13 45
Gladesville	10 40	10 55	11 10	11 25	11 40	11 55	12 10	12 25	12 40	12 55	13 10	13 25	13 40	13 55
Gladesville														

N.B.—Passengers by Nos. 2 and 7 leave trains from intermediate stations going beyond Parramatta Junction will be forwarded by Nos. 3 and 8 from Burwood.

No. 3 and *Up* Trains will stop at Burwood to get down passengers only, and passengers for intermediate stations will change into Nos. 4 and 10.
Trains will stop at Haslem Creek and Rooty Hill by signal only, and trains marked * will stop at Homebush also by signal.
No. 1 *Up* and Nos. 1 and 11 *Down* Trains are *Goods* Trains with passenger carriage attached.

Down Trains will stop at Douglass Park, if required, 10 minutes after leaving Menards; and *Up Trains* 20

minutes after leaving Newcastle; and up 17 mins. 20 minutes after leaving Picton.

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY.
DOWN TRAINS—NEWCASTLE STATION.

STATIONS.	Passengers.			Goods.	Sunday passenger.
Trains leave—	a.m.	a.m.	p.m.	a.m.	a.m. & p.m.

Waratah	7	30	11	50	3	35	10	25	7	30	3	35
Hexham	7	47	12	8	3	52	10	52	7	47	3	52

East Maitland Arr.	8	10	12	31	14	15	11	23	10	15
East Maitland Dep.	8	18	12	36	20	11	23	32	16	20
West Maitland Arr.	8	25	13	47	30	11	42	8	26	30
West Maitland Dep.	8	30	12	52	35	11	57	30	35	25
*Wollombi Road	8	35	12	58	40	12	5	36	40	40
Lochview	8	47	1	124	62	12	27	8	47	52
Braxton	9	11	1	36	5	1	59	11	5	16
Singtelon	9	45	2	16	50	1	50	45	50	50

Trains leave—	a.m.	a.m.	p.m.	p.m.	a.m.	p.m.
Singleton	7 15	11 30	8 10	2 50	7 15	2 20
Bromley	7 50	12 10	8 40	3 20	7 50	3 55

Braklinton	7	90	12	8	3	38	7	90	3	35
Lochgar	8	12	27	4	7	40	8	12	4	17
*Wollombi Road	8	25	12	37	4	20	4	25	3	30
West Maitland Arr.	8	30	12	42	2	28	4	40	8	30
West Maitland Dep.	8	36	12	47	4	30	8	6	36	4
East Maitland Arr.	8	43	12	54	4	40	8	16	8	45
East Maitland Dep.	8	50	1	2	4	45	8	16	8	50
Hexham	9	13	1	25	8	5	55	9	13	1

Newcastle 9 48 2 05 43 6 50 9 48.5 53

MORFETH BRANCH.

PASSENGER TRAINS.									
Trains leave—	S.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Morpeth	8	06	35	12	20	13	50	10	54
East Midland	8	10	45	12	30	1	02	20	15
West Midland	8	20		12	47		2	33	30
West Midland		8	35		12	47	40		4
East Midland	8	15	50	12	35	1	52	50	18
Morpeth	8	25	0						

GOODS AND SUNDAY TRAINS.		
Trains leave—	Goods.	Sunday Trains.

		A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.
Marpleth		11 10 5	6 8	0 8	35 4	6 8	40
East Maitland		11 25 5	15 8	10 8	45 4	15 4	50
West Maitland		11 42	5 8	25	4	15	30
West Maitland	Arr.		5	5	8 35		4 40
East Maitland		11 30 5	20 8	15 8	50 4	20 4	55
Marpleth	Aw.	11 40 5	30 8	25 8	0 4	25 5	5

* Trains will stop at W. Maitland Road to demand only.

Platforms at which Passengers will be taken up and set down if required:—Falkner's, Bedford, Allendale,

CHOICE BUILDING SITES, PADDINGTON.

TW. BOWDEN has been favoured with the instructions from the executors of the late Mr. Marsh to sell by auction, at the Land Sale Rooms, 18 Pitt-street, **THIS DAY, 14th June**, at 11 o'clock, Two choice allotments fronting **Paddington-street**, delightfully situated for villa residences, having the most delightful views of the harbour, and a portion of the

The frontages are 23 feet 4 inches by depths of 107' each with roadway at the rear. The lots are situated on the east side of Queen street are four allotments, originally part of the same block—the frontages varying from 20 to 25 feet.

These properties are for absolute sale to close up the estate, and are worthy the attention of all who may be desirous of building in this fine locality.

Plan on view at the Rooms.
Title, satisfactory.
Four Half-Acre Allotments
In the Town of Kiama.

T W. BOWDEN is instructed by the
executors of the late Mr. Marsh to sell
by auction, at the Land Sale Rooms, 154, Pitt-street,
THIS DAY, the 14th June, at 11 o'clock,
Four half-acre allotments in the rapidly improving and
beautiful resort town of Kiama, between the Kiama and

far back as 1840 and 1843.

Lot 1.—Contains 2 roods, number 6 of section 8, bounded on the north by lots 3 and 4, being a line 5 chains long; on the west by Shoalhaven-street, being a line bearing south 27 degrees west one chain; and to the south by lot 6, being a line bearing south 20 degrees east 5 chains; and on the east by lot 20 or 21 chains.

Lot 2.—Contains 2 roods, number 6 of section 8, and adjoins the previous lot, having 66 feet to Shoalhaven-street by a depth of five chains.

Lot 3.—Contains 2 roads, being number 20 and section 1 bounded on the east by Shoolhaven-street, being a line bearing north 27 degrees east 66 feet; on the north by lots 1 and 2, being a line west 27 degrees north 6 chains.

Lot 4.—Contains 2 roads, number 19 of section 1 bounded on the east by Shoolhaven-street, being a line bearing northerly 27 degrees east 66 feet; on the north by lot No. 20 four chains; on the west 1 allotment No. 6 one chain.

After the above will be sold,
An allotment in the town of Appin, containing 2 roads

MR. T. W. BOWDEN has received instructions to sell by auction, at his Room 154, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, the 14th June, at precisely,
The equity of redemption in all that valuable piece

land and premises, situate in the best part of the City of South Head Road, Woollahra, within full view of the Botany Heads, in the occupation of Mark Dewberry, carpenter, having a frontage of 20 feet to the main road, and 99 feet deep.

Full particulars can be obtained of the auctioneer ;
of Mr. A. W. CASTLE, solicitor, 93, Elizabeth-street,
Sydney.

GEORGE-STREET SOUTH—BUILDING SITES.
PITT-STREET SOUTH—BUILDING SITES.

T W. BOWDEN will sell by auction, at the
Land Sale Rooms, 154, Pitt-street,
THURSDAY, the 21st of June, at 11 o'clock for half
past 11 prompt,
A block of valuable building land in George-street South
adjoining the shop of Mrs. Canvin, extending to the
south boundary of Christ Church, subdivided into
four building allotments of suitable dimensions for
shops worthy of the situation, having considerable
depths, and frontage at the rear to a road running
into Gipps-street. Each of the allotments will have

a frontage to George-street of 19 feet 2 inches, with depths varying from 110 to 118 feet, extending the road at the rear (30 feet wide) leading into Gile street. The cottage now in the centre of the block of land, built for and long occupied as a paragon, will be removed to allow of the depths above described.

Immediately at the rear of the allotments just alluded to and separated only by the road are six building sites of considerable depths, with frontages to PIT STREET of 21 feet 10 inches, commencing at the north boundary of the Church land, and extending

northward to the road leading to the school house
 all suitable sites for private residences.
 Lot 1 in this block has a depth of 66 feet on the south
 and 76 feet north
 Lot 2 ditto ditto 64 feet south and 74 feet north
 Lot 3 ditto ditto 74 feet south and 84 feet north
 Lot 4 ditto ditto 84 feet south and 94 feet north
 Lot 5 ditto ditto 94 feet south and 104 feet north
 Lot 6 ditto ditto 104 feet south and 114 feet north
 All the lots from 1 to 6 have 21 feet 10 inches frontage
 to Pitt-street South.

Purchasers will please observe, that all the buildings upon the allotments are to be removed, and the materials sold (on the ground), after the sale of the land, as above described, at which time will be sold a large quantity of stones work now on the ground, which the buyers of the land may purchase at advantageous prices, and work up their new erections.

The allotments are marked out on the fences fronting George and Pitt streets, and further information may be obtained on consulting a large plan of the subdivision now on view at the Auction Rooms.

Terms at sale.

PARRAMATTA.

A high and healthy Residence.

MR. J. F. STAFF, by order of the Mortgagees, will sell by auction, at the Australian Arms Hotel, on **MONDAY**, the 18th June, A handsome 4-roomed cottage, with kitchen, laundry and garden well stocked with fruit trees, vines, and vegetables, the whole enclosed with a close palisade.

This eligible property stands upon the highest land in Parramatta North, a short distance from the Water-work and commands a view of the whole township. The whole will be sold in one lot. Further particulars may be obtained on application to the Auctioneer.

The Sale commences at 11 o'clock.
Title good. Terms at sale.

WEDNESDAY, 20th June.

Important Sale of
**VALUABLE STATION PROPERTY in RIVERINA
NEW SOUTH WALES.**

For Positive and Unreserved Sale to close a partnership.

KING and CUNINGHAM have been

THE BARMEDMAN STATION, STOCK, &c.
Estimated capabilities, 25,000 to 30,000 sheep.
This station is situated in the Bland Lachlan district, in the colony of New South Wales, and contains an area of about 80,000 acres of fine healthy country, forming a compact block of eleven and a half by twelve miles, comprising a large extent of boree, salt-brush, and green, with portions of box and pine country, well watered.

Particular attention is directed to the fact that this station is being offered only one-third stocked. Between 2000 and 3000 head of cattle and 250 horses have been mustered off during the past year to make room for sheep, for which it is well adapted.

8400 weathers, more or less, all of fattening age, 3000 of which will be ready for market in June
200 to 300 head of cattle
90 to 100 hogs
8 working bullocks, and a number of stock horses.
The improvements are all quite new and extensive, and comprise comfortable well-furnished dwelling-house, with eight rooms and store attached, large garden, kitchen, men's hut, overseer's hut, five-stall stable and harness room, cart shed, new wool shed for twenty shearers (all of sawn timber), drafting yards, large yard for 200 head of cattle, milking shed, and a large shed for 200

The agent would beg to call the attention of intending purchasers to the above very complete property. It is rarely seen a complete station comes into the market, and one so well found in every respect. There is everything on the place for manning it to the best advantage, and, with the additional fencing, it is estimated as capable of carrying 20 additional sheep.

We would particularly request any one on the look-out for a few more of the above to call on the undersigned.

A plan of the run, and the minutest information on every subject connected with it, can be obtained from KING and CUNINGHAM, 67, Bourke-street West, Melbourne; or GEORGE FORSYTH, Wagon Wagon.

